

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited

Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Ind AS financial statements of **ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and Notes to the Financial Statements and a summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as 'Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rule, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024 and the Statement of Profit and Loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its Cash flows for the year then ended.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Information Other than the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Director's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is no material misstatement of this other information, which we are required to report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Management's Responsibilities for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements to give a true and fair view of the financial

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position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

**Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we have exercised professional judgment and maintained professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and have obtained audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our conclusions are based on

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the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020, issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act (hereinafter referred to as the "Order"), and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2.
  - A. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
    - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
    - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
    - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of changes in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
    - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
    - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2024, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
    - f) Our report expresses an unqualified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting, refers to our separate Report in "Annexure B".

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- B. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us:
- a) The Company does not have any pending litigations as at March 31, 2024, which would impact its financial position.
  - b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivatives contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - c) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company in accordance with section 124(5) of The Companies Act, 2013 and Rules there under.
  - d)
    - i. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:
      - directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Company or
      - provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
    - ii. The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:
      - directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Party or
      - provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
    - iii. Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (d) contain any material mis-statement.
  - e) The company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year; hence compliance of Section 123 of Companies Act is not applicable.
  - f) The Company has used accounting software (SAP S4 Hana) for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all

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**B D G & CO LLP**  
Chartered Accountants



B D G & CO (Formerly known as B D G & Associates), a Partnership Firm converted into B D G & CO LLP (a Limited Liability Partnership with LLP Identification No. ACA-7200) w.e.f 24-04-2023

relevant transactions recorded in the software except that, audit trail feature was enabled at the underlying application database w.e.f. 28 March 2024. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of the accounting software throughout the year, except that for the underlying application database wherein the same has been established w.e.f 28 March 2024.

For B D G & CO LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration Number: 119739W/W100900

Sourabh Chittora  
Partner  
Membership Number: 131122  
UDIN: 24131122BKDHCU4634  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 1<sup>st</sup> September, 2024



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**Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report**

Referred to in Paragraph 1 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of **ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited** on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024.

- I.
- a) (a-d) The Company does not have any Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets hence the requirements of clause 3(I)(a), 3(I)(b), 3(I)(c), 3(I)(d) of the Order are not applicable.
- e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made there under.
- II.
- a) There is no inventory with the company during the year hence the requirements of clause 3(II)(a) of the order is not applicable.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been sanctioned any working capital limits on the basis of security of current assets; Accordingly, Clause 3(II)(b) is not applicable to the company.
- III. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has made investments, provided guarantee or security or granted any advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year. The Company has granted loans to one company during the year; details of the loan are stated in sub-clause (a) below.
- a)
- i. Based on the audit procedures carried on and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans to subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / Associates.
- ii. Based on the audit procedures carried on and as per the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted loan to a party other than Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / Associates as below:

Particulars	Amount (In INR Mn)
Aggregate amount during the year - Others	204
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date - Others	102

- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures conducted by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions of the loans given are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.



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- c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in the case of loans given, the repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts have been regular.
- d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no overdue amount for more than ninety days in respect of loans given.
- e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there is no loan given falling due during the year, which has been renewed or extended or fresh loans given to settle the overdue of existing loans given to the same party.
- f) As disclosed in note 24 to the financial statements, the Company has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to companies. Of these following are the details of the aggregate amount of loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to promoters or related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013.

(Amount in INR Mn)

	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate number of loans/ advances in nature of loans			
- Repayable on demand (A)	204	Nil	204
- Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B)	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total (A+B)	204	Nil	204
Percentage of loans/ advances in nature of loans to the total loans	100%	NA	100%

- IV. There are no loans, investments, guarantees, and security in respect of which provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable and accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(IV) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- V. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits from the public. Accordingly, clause 3(V) of the Order is not applicable.
- VI. We have reviewed the books of accounts maintained by the company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records under section 148 of the Act, and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not carried out a detailed examination of the same.



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**VII.**

- a) The Company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, income-tax, service tax, cess and other statutory dues applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on audit procedures performed by us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of these statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable. The provisions of Service tax are not applicable.
- b) There are no dues of goods and service tax, provident fund, employee's state insurance, income tax, sales-tax, service tax, customs duty, excise duty, value added tax, cess, and other statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

**VIII.** According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

**IX.**

- a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted on any loans or borrowings from lender during the year.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that term loans have, prima facie, been used for the purpose for which the loans were obtained by the Company.
- d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(IX)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
- f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries as defined under the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, clause 3(IX)(f) of the Order is not applicable.

**X.**

- a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments). Accordingly, clause 3(X)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or

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partly convertible debentures during the year. However, Company has made right issue during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(X)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

**XI.**

- a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, has been filed by cost auditor/ secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT – 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors).
- c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.

**XII.** As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence the provisions of Clause 3 (XII) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

**XIII.** Transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of section 177 are not applicable to the Company and accordingly the requirements to report under clause 3(XIII) of the Order in so far as it relates to section 177 of the Act is not applicable to the Company.

**XIV.**

- a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.

**XV.** In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.

**XVI.**

- a) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(XVI)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities and is not required to obtain CoR for such activities from the Reserve Bank of India.
- c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(XVI)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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- d) As represented by the management, the Group does not have more than one Core Investment Company (CIC) as part of the Group as per the definition of Group contained in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016.
- XVII.** The Company has incurred cash losses in the current financial year amounting to INR 77 Mn and incurred cash losses in the immediately preceding financial year amounting to INR 20 Mn.
- XVIII.** There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(XVIII) of the Order is not applicable.
- XIX.** According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- XX.**
- a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Act pursuant to any project other than ongoing projects. Accordingly, clause 3(XX)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
- b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and based on an independent legal opinion obtained by the Company, upon irrevocable transfer of funds by the Company to implementing agencies for designated multiyear projects undertaken through them, there is no unspent amount under sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the Act pursuant to ongoing projects. Accordingly, clause 3(XX)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- XXI.** The requirement of clause 3(XXI) is not applicable in respect of Standalone Financial Statements.

For B D G & CO LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration Number: 119739W/W100900

  
Sourabh Chittora  
Partner  
Membership Number: 131122  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 1<sup>st</sup> September, 2024



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## Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members **ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited** on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024;

### Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibilities for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, as issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Ind AS financial statements for

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external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- a) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- b) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Ind AS financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- c) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Ind AS financial statements.

#### **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India

**For BDG & CO LLP**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
**Firm Registration Number: 119739W/W100900**



**Sourabh Chittora**  
**Partner**  
**Membership Number: 131122**  
**Place: Gurugram**  
**Date: 1<sup>st</sup> September, 2024**



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**ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited**  
**Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024**  
(Amounts in INR millions, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
<b>Assets</b>			
<b>Non-current assets</b>			
Financial assets			
Others	4	4	-
Prepayments	6	175	140
Non Current tax assets (Net)		2	6
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>181</b>	<b>146</b>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	8	23	6
Cash and cash equivalents	9	138	41
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	9	1	1
Loans	4	102	-
Others	4	64	31
Prepayments	6	0	0
Other current assets	7	20	11
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>348</b>	<b>90</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>529</b>	<b>236</b>
<b>Equity and liabilities</b>			
<b>Equity</b>			
Equity share capital	10A	247	102
Other equity			
Share application money pending allotment	11A	-	45
Retained earnings	11B	(92)	(15)
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>155</b>	<b>132</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>			
Financial liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	12	92	34
Other non-current liabilities	13	4	4
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>96</b>	<b>38</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
Financial liabilities			
Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	14	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	14	254	57
Other current financial liabilities	15	14	4
Other current liabilities	16	10	5
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>278</b>	<b>66</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>374</b>	<b>104</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>529</b>	<b>236</b>

Summary of material accounting policies 3.1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date

For **B D G & CO LLP**

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 119739W/W100900

Chartered Accountants



Sourabh Chittora  
Partner

Membership No.: 131122

Place: Gurugram

Date: 01 September 2024



For and on behalf of the board of  
ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited



Nitin Sabikhi  
Director

DIN- 09286351

Place: Gurugram

Date: 01 September 2024



Deepak Gupta  
Director

DIN- 01812112

Place: Gurugram

Date: 01 September 2024



Astha Bhardwaj  
Company Secretary  
Membership No.: A49063  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 01 September 2024

**ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited**  
**Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(Amounts in INR millions, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
<b>Income:</b>			
Revenue from contract with customers	17	7,746	5,917
Other income	18	4	0
<b>Total income</b>		<b>7,750</b>	<b>5,917</b>
<b>Expenses:</b>			
Purchase of Power	19	7,720	5,896
Other expenses	20	90	41
<b>Total expenses</b>		<b>7,810</b>	<b>5,937</b>
<b>Loss before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)</b>		<b>(60)</b>	<b>(20)</b>
Finance costs	21	13	2
<b>Loss before tax</b>		<b>(73)</b>	<b>(22)</b>
<b>Tax expense</b>		<b>4</b>	<b>(2)</b>
Tax for earlier years		(77)	(20)
<b>Loss for the year</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year, net of tax</b>		<b>(77)</b>	<b>(20)</b>
<b>Earnings per share:</b>			
(face value per share: INR 10)	22	(3.15)	(1.92)
Basic and diluted (INR)	3.1		

Summary of material accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements  
As per our report of even date

**For B D G & CO LLP**  
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 119739W/W100900  
Chartered Accountants



Sourabh Chittora  
Partner  
Membership No.: 131122  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 01 September 2024



**For and on behalf of the board of  
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Nitin Sabikhi  
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Astha Bhardwaj  
Company Secretary  
Membership No.: A49063  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 01 September 2024

**ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited**  
**Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(Amounts in INR millions, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
<b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>		
(Loss) before tax	(73)	(22)
Adjustments for		
Interest income	(4)	(0)
Interest expense	13	2
<b>Operating (loss) before working capital changes</b>	<b>(64)</b>	<b>(20)</b>
<b>Movement in working capital</b>		
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	(17)	62
Increase in other current financial assets	(29)	(27)
Increase in other current assets	(10)	(10)
Increase in prepayments	(36)	(140)
(Increase)/decrease in other non-current financial assets	(4)	-
Increase in other current liabilities	5	9
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	197	(164)
Increase/(decrease) in other current financial liabilities	(2)	-
<b>Cash generated from / (used in) operations</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>(290)</b>
Income tax refund/(paid) (net)	(0)	(5)
<b>Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>(295)</b>
<b>Cash flow from investing activities</b>		
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment including capital work in progress, capital creditors and capital advances	-	2
Net (Investments)/Redemption of bank deposits having residual maturity more than 3 months	-	(1)
Loan given to related parties	(168)	102
Loan repaid by related parties	66	-
Interest received	0	1
<b>Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities</b>	<b>(102)</b>	<b>104</b>
<b>Cash flow from financing activities</b>		
Proceeds from issue of equity shares (including premium) (net of share issue expenses)	102	-
Share application money received	-	45
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	158	34
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(100)	-
Proceeds of short-term borrowings	-	(7)
Interest paid	(1)	(0)
<b>Net cash generated from financing activities</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>72</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>(120)</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>162</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>42</b>
<b>Components of cash and cash equivalents</b>		
Balances with banks		
- On current accounts	138	41
- On deposit account for more than 3 months and less than 12 months	1	1
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents (note 9)</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>42</b>

**Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities**

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2023	Cash flows (net)	Other changes	Closing balance as at 31 March 2024
Long-term borrowings (including current maturities and net of ancillary borrowings cost incurred)	34	58	-	92
<b>Total liabilities from financing activities</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>92</b>

Particulars	Opening balance as at 1 April 2022	Cash flows (net)	Other changes	Closing balance as at 31 March 2023
Long-term borrowings (including current maturities and net of ancillary borrowings cost incurred)	-	34	-	34
Short-term borrowings	7	(7)	-	-
<b>Total liabilities from financing activities</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>34</b>

**Summary of material accounting policies**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements  
As per our report of even date

**For BDG & CO LLP**

ICAI Firm Registration No 119739W/W100900  
Chartered Accountants



Sourabh Chittora  
Partner  
Membership No 131122  
Place Gurugram  
Date 01 September 2024



**For and on behalf of the board of  
ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited**



Nitin Sabkhu  
Director  
DIN- 09286351  
Place Gurugram  
Date 01 September 2024



Deepak Gupta  
Director  
DIN- 01812112  
Place Gurugram  
Date 01 September 2024



Astha Bhardway  
Company Secretary  
Membership No A49063  
Place Gurugram  
Date 01 September 2024

**ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited**  
**Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(Amounts in INR millions, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Attributable to the equity holders of the Company			Total equity
	Equity share capital (refer note 10A)	Share application money pending allotment (refer note 11A)	Reserves and Surplus Retained earnings (refer note 11B)	
As at 01 April 2022	102	-	5	107
Loss for the year	-	-	(20)	(20)
<b>Total Comprehensive Income</b>	-	-	(20)	(20)
Share application money received	-	45	-	45
As at 31 March 2023	102	45	(15)	132
Loss for the year	-	-	(77)	(77)
<b>Total Comprehensive Income</b>	-	-	(77)	(77)
Share application money received	-	100	-	100
Equity shares issued during the year	145	(145)	-	-
As at 31 March 2024	247	-	(92)	155

Summary of material accounting policies

3.1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date

**For B D G & CO LLP**  
ICAI Firm Registration No.: 119739W/W100900  
Chartered Accountants



*Sourabh Chittora*  
Sourabh Chittora  
Partner  
Membership No.: 131122  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 01 September 2024

For and on behalf of the board of  
**ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited**

*Deepak Gupta*  
Nitin Sabikhi  
Director  
DIN- 09286351  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 01 September 2024

*Deepak Gupta*  
Deepak Gupta  
Director  
DIN- 01812112  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 01 September 2024



*Astha Bhardwaj*  
Astha Bhardwaj  
Company Secretary  
Membership No.: A49063  
Place: Gurugram  
Date: 01 September 2024



**ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited**  
**Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(Amounts in INR millions, unless otherwise stated)

**1 General information**

ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited ('the Company') is a private limited company domiciled in India. The registered office of the Company is located at 138, Ansal Chamber - II Bikaji Cama Place, New Delhi-110066. The Company is carrying out business activities relating to purchase and sale of power through exchange.

CIN : U40106DL2020PTC373171

The Financial Statements of the Company were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 01 September 2024.

**2 Basis of preparation**

The Company prepared its Financial Statements as per Ind AS prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

The Financial Statements have been prepared using presentation and disclosure requirements of the Schedule III of Companies Act, 2013.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value:

- Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments)

The accounting policies and estimates adopted in the preparation of Financial Statements are consistent with those used in the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 except for changes in accounting policies and disclosures as detailed in note 3.2.

The Company has prepared the financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern.

**3.1 Summary of Material Accounting Policies**

**a) Current versus non-current classification**

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Deferred tax assets / liabilities are classified as non-current assets / liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation / settlement in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as their operating cycle for classification of their current assets and liabilities.

**b) Fair value measurement**

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each reporting date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. The fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable



For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements at fair value on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

The management of the Company determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as unquoted financial assets, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for sale.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, and significant liabilities. Involvement of external valuers is determined annually by the management after discussion with and approval by the Company's Audit Committee. Selection criteria include market knowledge, reputation, independence and whether professional standards are maintained. The management decides, after discussions with the Company's external valuers, which valuation techniques and inputs to use for each case.

The management of the company determines the policies and procedures for both recurring fair value measurement, such as unquoted financial assets, and for non-recurring measurement, such as assets held for sale.

At each reporting date, the management of the company analyses the movements in the values of assets and liabilities which are required to be remeasured or re-assessed as per the accounting policies of the company. The management also compares the change in the fair value of each asset and liability with relevant external sources to determine whether the change is reasonable.

This note summarises the accounting policy for determination of fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes as following:

- Disclosures for significant estimates and assumptions (Refer Note 28)
- Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy (Refer Note 26)
- Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost) (Refer Note 25)

**c) Revenue recognition**

**(i) Revenue from contracts with customers**

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements, because it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

**Sale of power**

Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured at the amount of transaction price (net of variable consideration) allocated to that performance obligation. The transaction price of services rendered is net of variable consideration on account of various discounts and schemes offered by the Company as part of the contract. The Company recognizes revenue when it is probable that the collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured

Transaction fee is charged based on the volume of transactions entered into by the respective member or client of trader/ professional member through the exchange.

**Sale of Service**

Revenue from Services is recognised as and when the service is performed as per the relevant agreements and when there is a reasonable certainty of ultimate realization.

**d) Taxes**

Tax expense comprises current tax expense and deferred tax.

**Current income tax**

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date in India. Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off these.

**e) Impairment of non-financial assets**

The Company assess, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimate the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating units (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or company of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre -tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a remaining life of the power purchase agreements of the project considering the long term fixed rate firm agreements available.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.



For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, reversal is treated as an increase in revaluation.

**f) Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit or loss net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

**g) Financial instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

**Financial assets**

**Initial recognition and measurement**

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

**Subsequent measurement**

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

**Debt instruments at amortised cost**

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows; and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in other income in the statement of profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

**Impairment of financial assets**

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables or contract revenue receivables. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL. The Company considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12-month ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The Company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) during the year is recognised as income / expense in the statement of profit or loss.



**Financial liabilities**

**Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The financial liabilities of the Company include trade and other payables, derivative financial instruments, loans and borrowings including bank overdraft.

**Subsequent measurement**

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as discussed below.

**Loans and borrowings**

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit or loss. This category generally applies to borrowings.

**Derecognition**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged / cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

**Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities**

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent.

The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

**Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

**h) Cash and bank balances**

**Cash and cash-equivalents**

Cash and short-term deposits in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and cash in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short term deposits, as defined above, net of bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.

**Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents**

Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents consists of deposits with an original maturity of more than three months. These balances are classified into current and non-current portions based on the remaining term of the deposit.

**i) Measurement of EBITDA**

The Company has elected to present earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA) as a separate line item on the face of the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company measure EBITDA on the basis of profit/ (loss) from continuing operations. In their measurement, the companies include interest income but do not include depreciation and amortisation expense, finance costs and tax expense.

**j) Events occurring after the reporting period**

Impact of events occurring after the reporting date that provide additional information materially affecting the determination of the amounts relating to conditions existing at the reporting date are adjusted to respective assets and liabilities.

The Company does not adjust the amounts recognised in its financial statements to reflect non-adjusting events after the reporting period.

The Company makes disclosures in the financial statements in cases of significant events.



**k) Earnings per equity share (EPS)**

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares and instruments mandatorily convertible into equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

**3.2 New standards, interpretations and amendments**

**3.2.1 New and amended standards**

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 dated 31 March 2023 to amend the following Ind AS which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023. The Company applied for the first-time these amendments.

**(i) Definition of Accounting Estimates - Amendments to Ind AS 8**

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments had no impact on the Company's standalone financial statements.

**(ii) Disclosure of accounting policies - Amendments to Ind AS 1**

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments have no major impact on the Company's disclosures of accounting policies, measurement, recognition or presentation of any items in the Company's financial statements.

**(iii) Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction - Amendments to Ind AS 12**

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences such as leases.

The Company previously recognised for deferred tax on leases on a net basis. As a result of these amendments, the Company has recognised a separate deferred tax asset in relation to its lease liabilities and a deferred tax liability in relation to its right-of-use assets. Since, these balances qualify for offset as per the requirements of paragraph 74 of Ind AS 12, there is no impact in the balance sheet. There was also no impact on the opening retained earnings as at 1 April 2023.

Apart from these, consequential amendments and editorials have been made to other Ind AS like Ind AS 101, Ind AS 102, Ind AS 103, Ind AS 107, Ind AS 109, Ind AS 115 and Ind AS 34.

**3.2.2 Recent Pronouncement**

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the company.

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**ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited**  
**Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(Amounts in INR millions, unless otherwise stated)

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
<b>4 Financial assets</b>		
<b>Non-current (unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)</b>		
Others	4	-
Security deposits	4	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Current (unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)</b>		
Loans to related parties (refer note 23)*	102	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Others</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>5</b>
Recoverable from related parties (refer note 23)	18	22
Security deposits	1	0
Interest accrued on fixed deposits	7	4
Interest accrued on loans to related parties (refer note 23)*	64	31
<b>Total</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>31</b>

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets which generate a fixed or variable interest income for the Company. The carrying value may be affected by changes in the credit risk of the counterparties.

No loans are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any loans are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.

\*Unsecured loan to related party is recoverable on demand and carries interest at 8.00% per annum.

**Loans or advances to specified persons**

Type of Borrower	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Amount outstanding*	% of Total	Amount outstanding*	% of Total
Related Parties	102	100%	-	0%

**5 Deferred tax**

**5A Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by tax rate:**

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Accounting profit before income tax	(73)	(22)
Tax at the India's tax rate of 25.168% (March 2023 : 26%)	(18)	(6)
Others	-	0
Absence of reasonable certainty for recovery of losses	18	6
<b>At the effective income tax rate</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Current tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	-	-
Deferred tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss	-	-
	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

**6 Prepayments**

	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
<b>Non-current (unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)</b>		
Prepaid expenses	175	140
<b>Total</b>	<b>175</b>	<b>140</b>
<b>Current (unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)</b>		
Prepaid expenses	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>



**ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited**  
**Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(Amounts in INR millions, unless otherwise stated)

<b>7 Other assets</b>	<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>
<b>Current (Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)</b>		
Advances recoverable in cash or kind	10	2
Balances with Government authorities	10	9
<b>Total</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>11</b>

<b>8 Trade receivables</b>	<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>
Unsecured, considered good (Refer note 27)	23	6
Secured, considered good	-	-
Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-
Receivables - credit impaired	-	-
	<b>23</b>	<b>6</b>
Less: Impairment allowances for bad and doubtful debts	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>6</b>

No trade or other receivables are due from directors or other officers of the Company either severally or jointly with any other person. No trade receivables are due from private companies in which directors of the Company are director.

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 7-60 days.

<b>9 Cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>As at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>As at 31 March 2023</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>		
Balance with bank		
- On current accounts	138	41
<b>Total</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>41</b>
<b>Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents</b>		
Deposits with		
- Remaining maturity for less than twelve months #	1	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>

#Fixed deposits of INR 1 (31 March 2023: INR Nil) are under lien with various banks for the purpose of bank guarantee and letter of credit.

# The bank deposits have an original maturity period of 184 days and carry an interest rate of 5.75% which is receivable on maturity.

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**10 Share capital**

**Authorised share capital**

**Equity shares of INR 10 each**

As at 01 April 2022  
Increase during the year  
As at 31 March 2023  
Increase during the year  
As at 31 March 2024

	Number of shares	Amount
	11,000,000	110
	4,000,000	40
	15,000,000	150
	20,000,000	200
	35,000,000	350

**Issued share capital**

**10A Equity shares of INR 10 each issued, subscribed and paid up**

As at 01 April 2022  
As at 31 March 2023  
Shares issued during the year  
As at 31 March 2024

	Number of shares	Amount
	10,210,000	102
	10,210,000	102
	14,500,000	145
	24,710,000	247

**Terms/rights attached to equity shares**

The Company have only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. If declared, the Company will declare and pay dividends in Indian rupees.

In the event of liquidation of a Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders of the Company.

**10B Shares held by the holding Company**

ReNew Private Limited, the holding company (Including its nominees)  
Equity shares of INR 10 each

	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
	24,710,000	247	10,210,000	102

**10C Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company**

ReNew Private Limited (Including its nominees)  
Equity shares of INR 10 each

	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023	
	Number	% Holding	Number	% Holding
	24,710,000	100%	10,210,000	100%

As per the records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

**10D No shares have been allotted without payment of cash or by way of bonus shares during the period of five years immediately preceding the balance sheet date**

**11 Other equity**

**11A Share application money pending allotment**

As at 01 April 2022  
Share application money received  
As at 31 March 2023  
Share application money received  
Equity shares issued during the year  
As at 31 March 2024

	-
	45
	45
	100
	(145)
	-

**11B Retained earnings**

As at 01 April 2022  
Loss for the year  
As at 31 March 2023  
Loss for the year  
As at 31 March 2024

	5
	(20)
	(15)
	(77)
	(92)

**Nature and purpose**

Retained earnings are the profits/(loss) that the Company has earned/incurred till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends or other distributions paid to shareholders. It is a free reserve available to the Company and eligible for distribution to shareholders, in case where it is having positive balance representing net earnings till date.

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**ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited**  
**Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
 (Amounts in INR millions, unless otherwise stated)

	<b>Non-current</b>	
	<b>31 March 2024</b>	<b>31 March 2023</b>
<b>12 Long-term borrowings</b>		
Loan from related party (unsecured) (refer note 24)*	92	34
<b>Long-term borrowings - Total</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>34</b>

\*Unsecured loan from related party carries interest at 8.00% per annum.

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13 Other non-current liabilities	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Security deposit received	4	4
<b>Total</b>	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>

14 Trade payables	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
<b>Current</b>		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note 32)	-	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	254	57
<b>Total</b>	<u>254</u>	<u>57</u>

Trade payables are non-interest bearing in nature. For explanations on the Company's liquidity risk management processes, refer to Note 27

**Trade Payables aging schedule**

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	198	56	-	-	254
(iii) Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	57	-	-	-	57
(iii) Disputed dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-

15 Other current financial liabilities	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
<b>Others</b>		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	14	2
Capital creditors	-	2
<b>Total</b>	<u>14</u>	<u>4</u>

16 Other current liabilities	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Other payables		
TDS payable	10	5
<b>Total</b>	<u>10</u>	<u>5</u>



**ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited**  
**Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024**  
(Amounts in INR millions, unless otherwise stated)

	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2024</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2023</b>
<b>17 Revenue from contract with customers</b>		
Sale of power	7,737	5,917
Sale of services	9	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,746</b>	<b>5,917</b>
<p>a) The location for all of the revenue from contracts with customers is India.  b) The timing for all of the revenue from contracts with customers is over time.  c) There are no other material differences between the contracted price and revenue from contracts with customers.  d) Transaction price - remaining performance obligation:  The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognised as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the company expects to recognise these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the Company has not disclosed the remaining performance obligation related disclosures for contracts as the revenue recognised corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed to date</p>		
<b>18 Other income</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2024</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2023</b>
Interest income		
- on fixed deposit with banks	1	-
- on loan to related parties (refer note 23)	3	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>19 Purchase of Power</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2024</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2023</b>
Purchase of Power	7,720	5,896
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,720</b>	<b>5,896</b>
<b>20 Other expenses</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2024</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2023</b>
Legal and professional fees	17	1
Travelling and conveyance	0	-
Management shared services	66	39
Rates and taxes	4	1
Payment to auditors *	0	0
Advertising and sales promotion	3	-
Miscellaneous expenses	1	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>41</b>
<b>*Payment to Auditors</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2024</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2023</b>
<b>As auditor:</b>		
Audit fee	0	0
<b>In other capacity:</b>		
Reimbursement of expenses	0	0
	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>21 Finance costs</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2024</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2023</b>
Interest expense on		
- loan from related party (refer note 23)	13	2
Bank charges	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>22 Earnings per share (EPS)</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2024</b>	<b>For the year ended 31 March 2023</b>
The following reflects the profit and share data used for the basic and diluted EPS computations:		
Profit attributable to equity holders for basic earnings	(77)	(20)
	(77)	(20)
Net loss for calculation of basic and diluted EPS	(77)	(20)
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating basic and diluted EPS	24,570,656	10,210,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in INR)	(3.15)	(1.92)



23 Related party disclosure

a) Names of related parties and related party relationship:

The names of related parties where control exists and / or with whom transactions have taken place during the year and description of relationship as identified by the management are -

I. Holding Company

ReNew Private Limited ( formerly known as ReNew Power Private Limited )

II. Ultimate Holding Company

Renew Energy Global Plc

III. Key management personnel (KMPs) :

Mr. Sumant Sinha, CEO of Renew Energy Global Plc

IV. Fellow Subsidiaries

ReNew Solar Urja Private Limited	Ostro Energy Private Limited
ReNew Surya Ravi Private Limited	ReNew Jal Urja Private Limited
ReNew Solar Energy (Jharkhand Three) Private Limited	Ostro Kannada Power Private Limited
ReNew Wind Energy (Rajkot) Private Limited	Renew Surya Ojas Private Limited
Renew Surya Vihaan Private Limited	ReNew Surya Aayan Private Limited
ReNew Surya Pratap Private Limited	Renew Surya Roshni Private Limited

b) Details of transactions with holding Company:

Particulars	ReNew Private Limited (formerly known as ReNew Power Private Limited)	
	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Unsecured loan received back from related party	102	-
Unsecured loan received from related party	158	34
Unsecured loan given to related party	204	102
Interest income on unsecured loan given	3	-
Capital Creditor Payments	-	42
Unsecured loan repaid to related party	100	7
Purchase of service	9	-
Sale of service	-	-
Management shared services*	66	39
Expense incurred on behalf of company by related party	2	-
Interest expense on unsecured loan received	13	2

\*Management shared services includes provision for cross charge INR 71

c) Details of outstanding balances with holding Company:

Particulars	ReNew Private Limited (formerly known as ReNew Power Private Limited)	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Unsecured loan recoverable	102	-
Unsecured loan payable	92	34
Trade payables#	82	-
Interest income accrued on unsecured loan given	7	4
Interest expense accrued on unsecured loan received	14	2

#including Provision for Cross charge of INR 71

d) Details of transactions with direct and fellow subsidiaries during the year:

Particulars	ReNew Solar Urja Private Limited		Ostro Energy Private Limited	
	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Expense incurred on behalf of company by related party	0	0	-	0
Expense incurred on behalf of related party by company	3	-	-	-
Payments of Power	-	452	-	1,038
Purchase of Power	-	414	-	1,068

Particulars	ReNew Surya Ravi Private Limited		ReNew Jal Urja Private Limited	
	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Sale of Power	-	-	21	-
Payments of Power	2,437	-	2,135	-
Purchase of Power	2,566	1,626	2,152	2,009
Expense incurred on behalf of related party by company	1	0	-	0
Receipt of Power	0	-	0	-

Particulars	ReNew Solar Energy (Jharkhand Three) Private Limited		Ostro Kannada Power Private Limited	
	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company	-	0	-	-
Receipt of Power	-	-	1	-
Payments of Power	-	-	1,798	-
Purchase of Power	-	678	1,834	99

Particulars	ReNew Wind Energy (Rajkot) Private Limited		ReNew Surya Ojas Private Limited	
	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Purchase of Power	-	-	203	-
Payments of Power	3	-	178	-



Particulars	ReNew Surya Vihaan Private Limited		ReNew Surya Aayan Private Limited	
	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Purchase of Power	158	-	264	-
Payments of Power	146	-	231	-

Particulars	ReNew Surya Pratap Private Limited		Renew Surya Roshni Private limited	
	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
Purchase of Power	323	-	100	-
Payments of Power	296	-	100	-

e) Details of outstanding balances with fellow subsidiaries:

Particulars	ReNew Solar Urja Private Limited		Ostro Energy Private Limited	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Trade payables	-	-	-	0
Trade Receivables	0	0	-	0
Recoverable	-	3	-	0

Particulars	ReNew Surya Ravi Private Limited		ReNew Jal Urja Private Limited	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Trade payables	-	16	-	35
Trade Receivables	31	0	-	-
Recoverable from related party	-	-	38	-

Particulars	ReNew Solar Energy (Jharkhand Three) Private Limited		ReNew Wind Energy (Rajkot) Private Limited	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Trade payables	0	0	-	-
Trade Receivables	-	0	-	-
Recoverable from related party	-	-	0	2

Particulars	Ostro Kannada Power Private Limited		Renew Surya Ojas Private Limited	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Trade Receivables	25	0	-	-
Trade payables	-	5	23	-

Particulars	Renew Surya Vihaan Private Limited		ReNew Surya Aayan Private Limited	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Trade payables	10	-	31	-

Particulars	ReNew Surya Pratap Private Limited	
	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Trade payables	25	-

f) Compensation of Key management personnel

Remuneration to the key managerial personnel is paid by the holding Company of the company and is allocated between the subsidiary companies as management shared services and is not separately identifiable



**24 Segment Information**

The Chairman and Managing Director of ReNew Private Limited ( formerly known as ReNew Power Private Limited ) ( Holding Company) takes decision in respect of allocation of resources and assesses the performance basis the reports/ information provided by functional heads and is thus considered to be Chief Operating Decision Maker.

The Company is in the business of purchase and sale of power through exchange. (refer note 1). Considering the nature of company's business and operations, there are no separate reportable segments (business and/ or geographical) in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 108 'Operating segment' and hence, there are no additional disclosures to be provided other than those already provided in the financial statements.

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**25 Fair values**

Set out below, is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the financial instruments of the Company

	31 March 2024		31 March 2023	
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
<b>Financial assets</b>				
<b>Measured at amortised cost</b>				
Other non current financial assets	4	4	-	-
Loans current	102	102	-	-
Trade receivables	23	23	6	6
Cash and cash equivalents	138	138	41	41
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	1	1	1	1
Other current financial assets	64	64	31	31
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
<b>Measured at amortised cost</b>				
Long term borrowings	92	92	34	34
Trade payables	254	254	57	57
Other current financial liabilities	14	14	4	4

The management of the Company assessed that Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent, cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, short term borrowings, other current financials liabilities and other current financial assets approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

**26 Fair value hierarchy**

There are no financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value as at 31 March 2024 and 2023

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**27 Financial Risk Management objectives and policies**

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to support its operations. The Company's financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash & cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Company's senior management is supported by a various sub committees that advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company. These committees provides assurance to the Company's senior management that the Company's financial risk activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedure and that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each risk, which are summarised as below

**Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk that the Company's assets and liabilities will be exposed to due to a change in market prices that determine the valuation of these financial instruments. Market risk comprises 3 types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings and deposits.

**Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk that the power procurer will not meet their obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from their operating activities (primarily trade receivables) but this credit risk exposure is insignificant given the fact that substantially whole of the revenues are from the organised exchange customer.

Further the Company sought to reduce counterparty credit risk under long-term contracts in part by entering into power sales contracts with utilities or other customers of strong credit quality and we monitor their credit quality on an on going basis.

The maximum credit exposure to credit risk for the components of the balance sheet at 31 March 2024 is the carrying amount of all the financial assets

**Trade Receivables**

Customer credit risk is managed basis established policies of Company, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. The Company does not hold collateral as security.

The Company has state utilities/government entities as it's customers with high credit worthiness, therefore, the Company does not see any risk related to credit. The credit quality of the customers other than state utilities/government entities is evaluated based on their credit ratings and other publicly available data.

The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment and impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date to measure expected credit losses. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Company's trade receivables using a provision matrix.

**Trade Receivables Ageing Schedule**

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	No Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables -- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -- which have	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -- credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables -- which have	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables -- credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vii) Unbilled dues	23	-	-	-	-	-	23
<b>Gross carrying amount</b>	<b>23</b>	-	-	-	-	-	<b>23</b>
Expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-





ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited  
Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024  
(Amounts in INR millions, unless otherwise stated)

As at 31 March 2023

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	No Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	6	-	-	-	-	6
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables– considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables– which have	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vii) Unbilled dues	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Gross carrying amount</b>	-	6	-	-	-	-	6
Expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Financial instruments and credit risk**

Credit risk from balances with banks is managed by company's treasury department. Investments, in the form of fixed deposits, loans and other investments, of surplus funds are made only with banks & group companies and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty. Counterparty credit limits are reviewed on an annual basis by the Company, and may be updated throughout the year subject to approval of company's finance committee. The limits are set to minimize the concentration of risks and therefore mitigate financial loss through counterparty's potential failure to make payments.

**Other financial assets**

Credit risk from other financial assets including loans is managed basis established policies of Company, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding receivables are regularly monitored. The Company does not hold collateral as security."



**27A Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The approach of the Company to manage liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that these will have sufficient liquidity to meet their respective liabilities when they are due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risk damage to their reputation.

The Company assessed the concentration of risk with respect to refinancing its debt and concluded it to be low. The Company has access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding and debt maturing within 12 months can be rolled over with existing lenders.

The Company rely mainly on long-term debt obligations to fund their construction activities. To the extent available at acceptable terms, utilized non-recourse debt to fund a significant portion of the capital expenditures and investments required to construct and acquire our wind and solar power plants and related assets. The Company's non-recourse financing is designed to limit default risk and is a combination of fixed and variable interest rate instruments. In addition, the debt is typically denominated in the currency that matches the currency of the revenue expected to be generated from the benefiting project, thereby reducing currency risk. The majority of non-recourse debt is funded by banks and financial institutions, with debt capacity supplemented by unsecured loan from related party.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of financial liabilities of Company based on contractual undiscounted payments:

Year ended 31 March 2024	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
<b>Long term borrowings</b>						
Loans from related party	-	-	-	92	-	92
<b>Other financial liabilities</b>						
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	14	-	-	-	-	14
<b>Trade payables</b>						
Trade payables	-	254	-	-	-	254

The Company expect liabilities with current maturities to be repaid from net cash provided by operating activities of the entity to which the debt relates or through opportunistic refinancing

Year ended 31 March 2023	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
<b>Long term borrowings</b>						
Loans from related party	-	-	-	34	-	34
<b>Other financial liabilities</b>						
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	2	-	-	-	-	2
Capital Creditors	-	2	-	-	-	2
<b>Trade payables</b>						
Trade payables	52	6	-	-	-	58

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**28 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions**

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

In the process of applying the accounting policies management has made certain judgements, estimates and assumptions. The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based their assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

**Related party transactions**

**Management Shared Services**

Employee benefit costs and other common expenses are incurred by the Holding Company & fellow subsidiary. These expenses are allocated to all the entities of the Group in the form of 'Management Shared Services'. Allocation of cost to the entities involves various estimates, reasonability of which is assessed through an external expert.

**Inter-group unsecured loan**

The Group uses unsecured loans to fund requirements of various entities. These loans carry interest rate of 8% (approximates 3-year government bond yield).

**29 Audit Trail**

The Company has used accounting software (SAP S4 Hana) for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software, except that audit trail feature at the underlying application database was enabled on March 28th, 2024. Further no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with was noted in respect of the accounting software throughout the year, except that for the underlying application database wherein the same has been established w.e.f 28 March 2024.

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**30 Capital management**

For the purpose of the capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's management is to maximise the shareholder value

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants.

To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitor capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings and other payables, less cash and short-term deposits. The Company systematically evaluates opportunities for managing its assets including that of buying new assets, partially or entirely sell existing assets and potential new joint ventures. Crystallisation of any such opportunity shall help the Company in improving the overall portfolio of assets, cash flow management and shareholder returns.

The policy of the Company is to keep the gearing ratio of the power project to 3:1 during the construction phase and aim to enhance it to 4:1 post the construction phase. This is in line with the industry standard ratio. The current gearing ratios of the various projects in the Company is between 3:1 to 4:1.

In order to achieve this overall objective, the capital management of the Company, amongst other things, aims to ensure that they meet financial covenants attached to the interest-bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2024.

**31 Contingent Liabilities Commitments**  
 (to the extent not provided for)

(i) Contingent liabilities

As at 31 March 2024, the Company has contingent liabilities of INR Nil (31 March 2023 Nil)

(ii) Commitments:

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for

As at 31 March 2024, the Company has capital commitment (net of advances) of INR Nil (31 March 2023 Nil)

**32 Details of dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006**

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, (MSMED) which came into force from 2 October 2006, certain disclosure are required to be made relating to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises. On the basis of the information and records available with the management, there are no outstanding dues to the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises development Act, 2006.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
The principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be shown separately) remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	Nil	Nil
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	Nil	Nil
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006	Nil	Nil
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and	Nil	Nil
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006	Nil	Nil

33 There are no employees on the rolls of the company and therefore no employee benefit expense accrued in the financial statements

34 Absolute amounts less than INR 500,000 are appearing in the financial statements as "0" due to presentation in millions.

35 Deferred tax assets has not been recognised in respect of unabsorbed losses as there are no reasonable certainty that these losses can be used to offset taxable profits in future.




36 Ratio Analysis and its elements


Ratio	Numerator	Denominator	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-23	% change	Reason for Variance
Current Ratio	Current Assets	Current Liabilities	1.25	1.36	-8%	No major changes
Debt-Equity Ratio	Total Debt	Shareholder's Equity	0.59	0.25	133%	Increase in borrowings during the year
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earnings for debt Service=Net Profit after taxes +non cash operating expenses+interest	Debt Service=Interest & lease payment +Principle repayments	(0.64)	(9.00)	-93%	Increase in debt repayment during the year
Return on Equity Ratio	Net Profit after taxes -preference dividend	Average shareholder equity	(0.54)	(0.16)	229%	Increase in Loss and Equity Share Capital during the year
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of Goods Sold	Average Inventory	NA	NA	NA	NA
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Sales=Gross Credit sales- sales return	Average Trade Receivables	540.59	162.65	232%	Increase in revenue during the year
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Net Credit Purchases=Gross Credit purchases- purchase return	Average Trade Payables	49.62	NA	100%	Due to increase in trade payable
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Net Sales= Total Sales-sales return	Working Capital=Current assets - Current liabilities	109.64	249.16	-56%	Increase in revenue during the year
Net Profit Ratio	Net Profit	Net Sales= Total Sales-Sales Return	(0.01)	(0.00)	202%	Increase in Loss and Sales during the year
Return on Capital employed	Earnings before interest and taxes	Capital employed=Tangible net worth+Total Debt+deferred tax liability	(0.26)	(0.11)	143%	Increase in Loss during the year
Return on Investment	Interest (finance Income)	Investment	NA	NA	NA	NA

As per our report of even date  
For B D G & CO LLP  
ICAI Firm Registration No 119739W/W100900  
Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the board of  
ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited

  
Sourabh Chittora  
Partner  
Membership No 131122  
Place Gurugram  
Date 01 September 2024



  
Director  
DIN- 09286351  
Place Gurugram  
Date 01 September 2024

  
Deepak Gupta  
Director  
DIN-01812112  
Place Gurugram  
Date 01 September 2024

  
Astha Bhardwaj  
Company Secretary  
Membership No A49063  
Place Gurugram  
Date 01 September 2024

## BOARD'S REPORT

To  
The Members,  
Renew Energy Markets Private Limited

The Board hereby presents the Fourth (4<sup>th</sup>) Board's Report along with Company's Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024:

### 1. FINANCIAL SUMMARY/HIGHLIGHTS

#### a. Financial Summary

The performance of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2024 is summarized below:

(Amount in INR Millions)

Particulars	For the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024	For the Financial Year ended March 31, 2023
<b>Income</b>		
Revenue from operations	7746	5,917
Other Income	4	0
<b>Total Revenue (I)</b>	<b>7750</b>	<b>5,917</b>
<b>Expenses</b>		
Purchase of Power	7720	5,896
Other expenses	90	41
<b>Total (II)</b>	<b>7810</b>	<b>5,937</b>
Earnings /(loss) before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) (I) - (II)	<b>(60)</b>	<b>(20)</b>
Depreciation and amortization expense	-	-
Finance cost	13	2
<b>Profit (Loss) before tax</b>	<b>(73)</b>	<b>(22)</b>
Current tax		-
Deferred tax		-
Earlier Year	4	(2)
<b>Profit (Loss) for the year</b>	<b>(77)</b>	<b>(20)</b>
<b>Net Worth</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>132</b>



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## b. Performance Review

During the year under review your Company has incurred a loss of INR (77) (thousand) against a loss of INR (20) (thousand) in the previous year.

## c. Transfer to Reserves

As there was loss, no amount been transferred to reserves.

## 2. DIVIDEND

No dividend is being recommended by the Board of your Company.

## 3. HOLDING/SUBSIDIARY RELATIONSHIP

The Company was incorporated as a wholly owned subsidiary of ReNew Private Limited (Formerly known as ReNew Power Private Limited) as on November 12, 2020. Further, the Company does not have any subsidiary.

## 4. OPERATIONS

The Company is involved in the power trading activity.

## 5. PUBLIC DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any deposit during the year under review which fall under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013 read the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014.

## 6. SHARE CAPITAL

### Authorized Share Capital

The Authorized Share Capital of your Company as on March 31, 2024 stood at INR 35,00,00,000/- (Rupees Thirty-Five crores only) comprising of 3,50,00,000 (Three Crore Fifty Lakh only) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each.

### Paid up Share Capital

The paid-up Share Capital of the Company as on March 31, 2024 stood at Rs. 24,71,00,000 (Rupees Twenty four Crore Seventy one lakh only) divided into 2,47,10,000 (Two Crore Forty-Seven Lakh and Ten Thousand) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten Only) each.



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## 7. AUDITORS

### (a) Statutory Auditor

M/s BDG & Associates, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 119739W) were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a term of 5 (five) years starting from the conclusion of the 1<sup>st</sup> Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of 6<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The Auditors' Report is self-explanatory and do not call for any explanation and comments.

### (b) Reporting of Fraud by the Auditor

No fraud has been reported by auditor's pursuant to Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.

## 8. AUDITORS REPORT

The Auditors' Report for financial year 2023-2024 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

Notes on Account and observations of the Auditors in their report on the Accounts of the Company are self-explanatory.

## 9. SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Company has complied with all applicable Secretarial Standards.

## 10. EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013, since the Company does not have a functional website, the Annual Return for FY 2023-24 shall be available for inspection at the Corporate Office of the Company and a copies of the same shall be provided to the Members on request.

## 11. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

As required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act 2013 read with Rule 8 of Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, details of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo are as follows:

### a. Conservation of energy:

Energy conservation is an area of priority and the Company has made all efforts to ensure continuous monitoring and improvement in energy consumption in all its offices.



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**b. Technology absorption:**

Being in the business of providing clean energy, the Company is constantly looking at innovation and technology absorption to increase production efficiency in its business.

**c. Foreign exchange earnings and outgo**

During the year under review, there was no Foreign Exchange Earnings and outgoings.

**12. DETAILS OF DIRECTORS OR KEY MANAGERIAL PERSON (KMP)**

**a. Directors**

The composition of Board of Directors and KMP as on March 31, 2024 was as follows:

S. No.	Name of the Director	Designation
1.	Mr. Deepak Gupta	Director
2.	Mr. Nitin Sabikhi	Director
3.	Astha Bhardwaj	Company Secretary

**b. Number of meetings of the Board of Directors**

The Board of Directors of the Company duly met 5 (five) times during the period under review in respect of which proper notices were given and the proceedings were properly recorded. The details of meetings and attendance are mentioned below:

S. No.	Date of Meeting	Attended By	
		Deepak Gupta	Nitin Sabikhi
1.	April 27, 2023	Yes	Yes
2.	July 31, 2023	Yes	Yes
3.	September 6, 2023	Yes	Yes
4.	December 18, 2023	Yes	Yes
5.	March 12, 2024	Yes	Yes
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>5</b>

**c. Directors' Responsibility Statement**

To the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained by them, your directors make the following statements in terms of section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013:



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- (a) In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) The Directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- (c) The Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) The Directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis; and
- (e) The Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

### 13. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEE OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186

Particulars of loans given, investments made, guarantees given and securities provided are provided in the Financial Statement.

Further, the Company avails an exemption under Section 186(11)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 engaged in the business of carrying Infrastructure activities.

### 14. SIGNIFICANT AND THE MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators/Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

### 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All Related Party Transactions entered during the year were in Ordinary Course of business and at Arm's Length basis. No Material Related Party Transactions, i.e. transactions exceeding 10% of the annual consolidated turnover as per the last audited financial statements, were entered during the year by your Company. Accordingly, the disclosure of Related Party Transactions as required under Section 134(3)(h) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC-2 is not applicable.

### 16. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

Risks are events, situations or circumstances which may lead to negative consequences on the Company's businesses. Risk management is a structured approach to manage uncertainty. A formal enterprise-wide



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approach to Risk Management is being proposed to be adopted by the Company and key risks will now be managed within a unitary framework.

17. **MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR OF THE COMPANY TO WHICH THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT**

There has been no material change or commitment, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between March 31, 2024 and the date of this Report.

18. **INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND THEIR ADEQUACY**

The Company has adequate system of internal control to safeguard and protect from loss, unauthorized use or disposition of its assets. All the transactions are properly authorized, recorded and reported to the Management. The Company is following all the applicable Accounting Standards for properly maintaining the books of accounts and reporting financial statements.

19. **COPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY**

The provisions of Corporate Social Responsibility as contained in Section 135(1) are not applicable to the Company.

20. **PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES**

The Statement showing particulars of employees pursuant to Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(2) of the companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is not furnished, as the Company did not employ any such employee during the period under review.

21. **DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013**

ReNew Power Private Limited (Holding Company) has in place a prevention of sexual harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the sexual harassment of women at the workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder for prevention and redressal of complaints of sexual harassments at workplace. All women associates (permanent, temporary, contractual and trainees) as well as any woman visiting the Company's office premises or women service providers are covered under this Policy. Further, a Complaints Committee has been set up to redress complaints received.

The said Policy is applicable on every subsidiary Company.



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During the year under review, no complaint was received by the Company related to sexual harassment.

## 22. OTHERS

Your directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following matters as there were no transactions on these matters during the year under review:

- Issue of equity shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- Issue of shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme.
- No fraud has been reported by the Auditors to the Board.
- There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.
- There is no proceeding pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.
- There was no instance of onetime settlement with any Bank or Financial Institution.

## 23. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your directors wish to take this opportunity to express their sincere thanks to all the investors, shareholders and stakeholders for the faith and confidence they have reposed in the Company. The directors also wish to place on record their deep appreciation for the employees for the hard work, commitment and dedication shown throughout the period.

**For and on behalf of the Board**

**ReNew Energy Markets Private Limited**

**(Formerly known as ReNew Vayu Power Private Limited)**



DEEPAK GUPTA  
DIN: 01812112  
Director



NITIN SABIKHI  
DIN: 09286351  
Director

Date: 02.09.2024

Place: Gurugram



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